

Light Quark Mass Effects in Higgs Transverse Momentum Distribution

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Topics discussed

- High-order b -quark effect in Higgs p_t -distribution
- Double-logarithmic approximation
 - *kinematics and helicity amplitudes*
 - *Non-Sudakov double logarithms*
- High-order Abelian terms
 - *two-loop result*
 - *all-order resummation*
- Numerics for $d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H+j}/dp_\perp^2$
- Based on: *K. Melnikov, A. Penin, JHEP 05 (2016) 172*

Higgs production at LHC

- Experiment

Discovery mode \Leftrightarrow Precision measurements

Higgs production at LHC

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Discovery mode ⇔ Precision measurements

- Theory (heavy top)

- *Total cross section at NNNLO*

Anastasiou, Duhr, Dulat, Herzog, Mistlberger, Phys.Rev.Lett. **114** (2015) 212001

- *Higgs plus jet at NNLO*

Boughezal, Caola, Melnikov, Petriello, Schulze, Phys.Rev.Lett. **115** (2015) 082003

➡ *percent accuracy*

Higgs production at LHC

- Experiment

Discovery mode \Rightarrow Precision measurements

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- *percent accuracy*

- Fine effects become relevant

- *bottom-quark loop contribution beyond NLO/LO*

- *important for differential distributions*

Higgs production in gluon fusion

- Quark loop mediated amplitude

$$M(gg \rightarrow H) \propto m_H^2 \quad \text{for } m_q \gg m_H$$

$$M(gg \rightarrow H) \propto m_q^2 \ln^2(m_H^2/m_q^2) \quad \text{for } m_q \ll m_H$$

- NLO bottom-loop contribution to $gg \rightarrow Hg$

- $\frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \frac{m_b^2}{m_h^2} \ln^4(m_h^2/m_q^2) \approx 2\% \text{ of leading top-loop result}$
- *new kind of double logs* $\ln^2(p_\perp^2/m_b^2)$
- changes the shape of p_\perp -distribution

Bottom-loop contribution beyond NLO/LO

- Some recent development

D. de Florian, G. Ferrera, M. Grazzini and D. Tommasini, JHEP **1111** (2011) 064

M. Grazzini and H. Sargsyan, JHEP **1309** (2013) 129

H. Mantler and M. Wiesemann, Eur. Phys. J. C **73** (2013) 2467

A. Banfi, P. F. Monni and G. Zanderighi, JHEP **1401** (2014) 097

E. Bagnaschi and A. Vicini, JHEP **1601** (2016) 056

R. Mueller and D. G. Oeftuerk, JHEP **1608** (2016) 055

R. Frederix, S. Frixione, E. Vryonidou and M. Wiesemann, JHEP **1608** (2016) 006

F. Caola, S. Forte, S. Marzani, C. Muselli and G. Vita, arXiv:1606.04100 [hep-ph]

N. Greiner, S. Hoeche, G. Luisoni, M. Schonherr, J. C. Winter, arXiv:1608.01195 [hep-ph]

...

Higgs production with transverse momentum

- Kinematics of soft emission $g_1 g_2 \rightarrow H g_3$

$$m_b \ll E_3 \ll E_{1,2} \sim m_H \quad \longrightarrow \quad m_b^2 \ll p_\perp^2 \ll m_H^2$$

- Double logarithmic approximation

- *small parameter*

$$\frac{m_b}{E_3} \sim \frac{E_3}{E_{1,2}} \sim \lambda \ll 1,$$

- *series for the amplitude*

$$\mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow Hg} = \frac{g_s}{\lambda} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \textcolor{violet}{C}_n \alpha_s^n \ln^{2n}(\lambda) + \dots .$$

→ maximal Abelian part of C_n for all n

$gg \rightarrow Hg$ helicity amplitudes

- Two independent helicity amplitudes

$$M_{++\pm}^{\text{soft}} \propto A_{++\pm}(x, \tau, \zeta) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n A_{++\pm}^{(n)}(\tau, \zeta)$$

$A_{++\pm}$ are dimensionless functions of logarithmic variables:

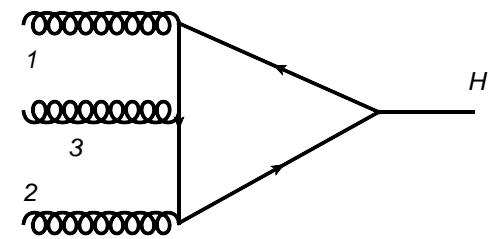
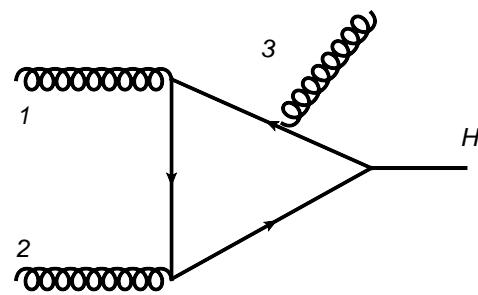
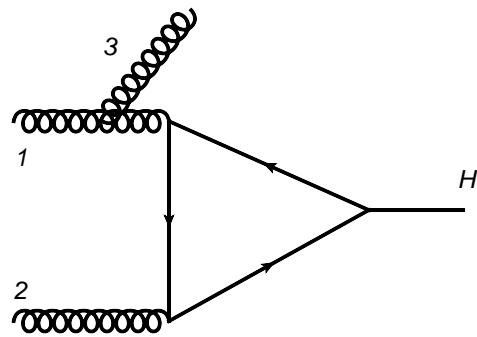
$$\tau = \ln(m_b^2/p_\perp^2)/L, \quad \zeta = \ln(u/t)/L, \quad x = \frac{C_F \alpha_s}{2\pi} L^2$$

where $L = \ln(m_b^2/s)$, $0 < \tau, |\zeta| < 1$, $x \sim 1$

- Leading contribution to the cross section

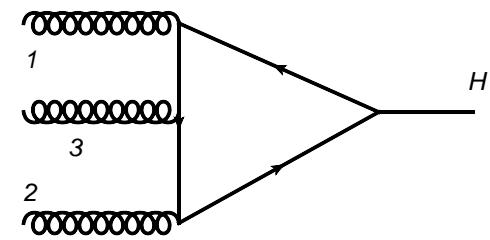
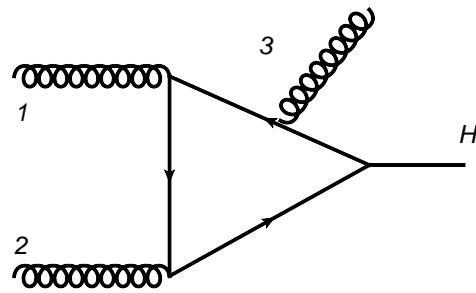
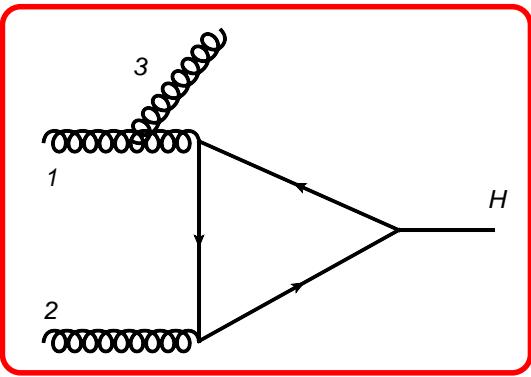
$$d\sigma_{gg \rightarrow Hg} = d\sigma_{gg \rightarrow Hg}^{(0)} \times \left[1 - \frac{3}{2} \frac{m_b^2}{m_H^2} L^2 (A_{+++} - A_{++-}) + \mathcal{O}(m_b^4) \right],$$

One-loop amplitudes



exact result: U. Baur, E. W. N. Glover, Nucl. Phys. **B339** (1990) 38

One-loop amplitudes



Evaluation of double logs

- Soft “scalar” quark exchange

$$\frac{\hat{l} + m_b}{l^2 - m_b^2 + i0} \rightarrow \frac{m_b}{l^2 - m_b^2 + i0}$$

→ non-Sudakov double logarithms

- Sudakov method

- *Sudakov parameters:* $l = \alpha p_1 + \beta p_2 + l_\perp$

$$\frac{1}{l^2 - m_b^2 + i0} \rightarrow -i\pi\delta(l^2 - m_b^2) = -i\pi\delta(s\alpha\beta - l_\perp^2 - m_b^2).$$

$$\frac{1}{(p_2 - l)^2 - m_b^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{s\alpha}, \quad \frac{1}{(p_1 - p_3 - l)^2 - m_b^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{t - \beta s}.$$

- *double log region:* $|t|/s < \beta < 1, \quad m_b^2/s < \alpha < 1, \quad m_b^2/s < \alpha\beta$

Evaluation of double logs

- New variables $\eta = \ln \alpha/L, \xi = \ln \beta/L$
 - *double log region:* $\eta < 1 - \tau_t, \eta + \xi < 1,$ where $\tau_t = \ln(m_b^2/|t|)/L$

- Double log coefficient

$$A_{++\pm}^{(0)} = \pm 2 \int_0^{1-\tau_t} d\eta \int_0^{1-\eta} d\xi = \pm(1 - \tau_t^2)$$

- Sum of all diagrams

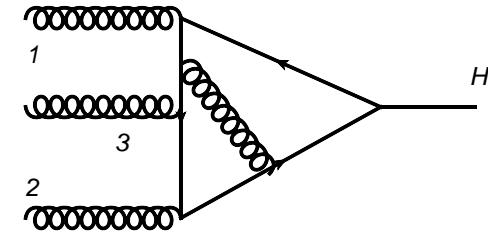
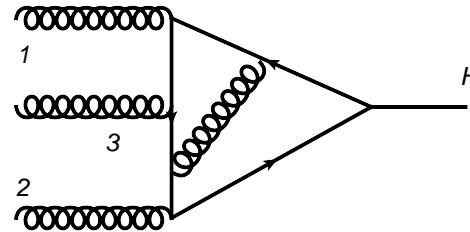
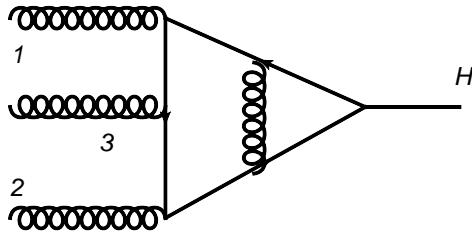
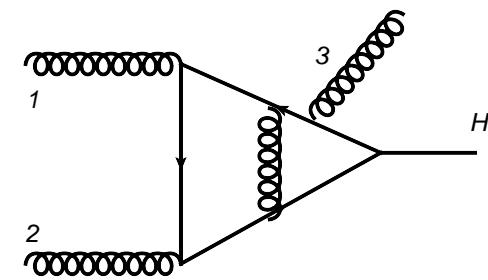
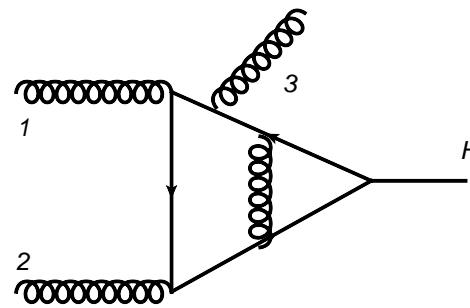
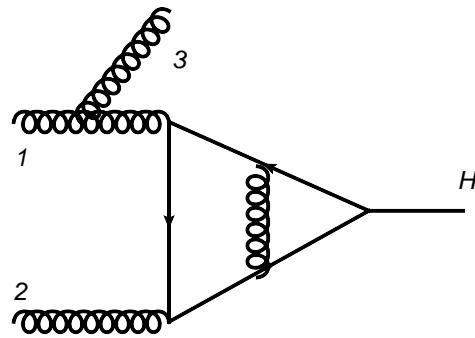
$$A_{++\pm}^{(0)} = \pm 1 - \frac{\tau^2}{2}$$

agrees with Baur and Glover

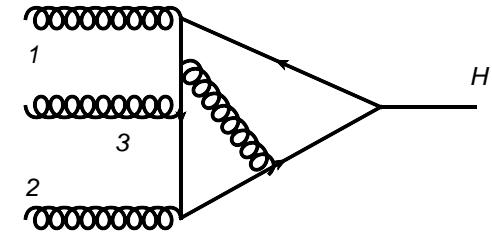
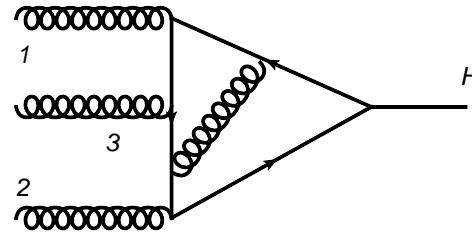
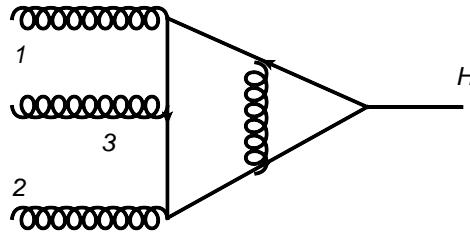
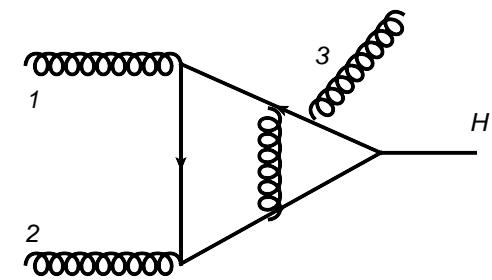
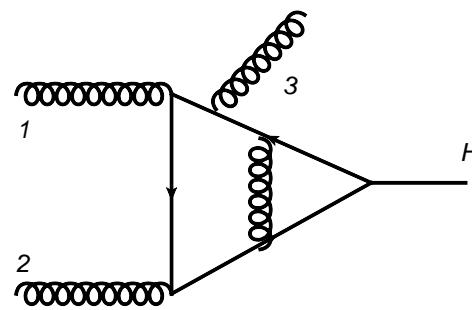
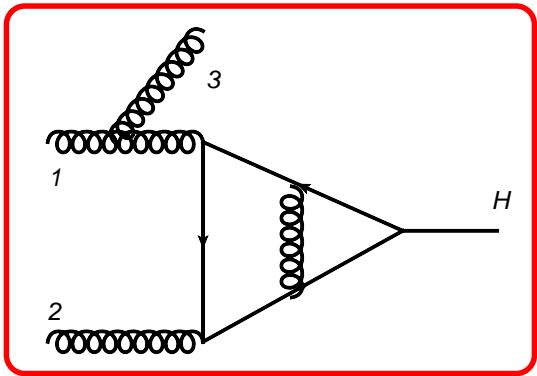
Non-standard soft emission

- Color dipole emission
 - *factorization*
 - $A_{+-+} = -A_{++-}$
- Emission from soft quark line
 - $G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\nu\lambda}^b G_{\lambda\mu}^c f^{abc}$
 - \rightarrow *no factorization!*
 - $A_{+++} = 0$

Two-loop amplitudes



Two-loop amplitudes



Evaluation of double logs

- Selected diagram

$$A_{++\pm}^{(1)} = \mp 2 \int_0^{1-\tau_t} d\eta \int_0^{1-\eta} d\xi \int_0^\eta d\eta' \int_0^\xi d\xi' = \mp \frac{1 - 4\tau_t^3 + 3\tau_t^4}{12}$$

- Sum of all diagrams

$$A_{+++}^{(1)} = -\frac{2 - 3\tau^2 + 2\tau^3 + 3\tau^2\zeta^2}{24}$$

$$A_{++-}^{(1)} = \frac{2 + 3\tau^2 - 6\tau^3 + 4\tau^4 - 3\tau^2\zeta^2}{24},$$

Resummation of double logs

- Only three examples of non-Sudakov resummation
 - *electron-muon backward scattering*
V. G. Gorshkov, V. N. Gribov, L. N. Lipatov and G. V. Frolov, *Yad. Fiz.* **6** (1967) 129
 - *Higgs two-photon width*
M. I. Kotsky and O. I. Yakovlev, *Phys. Lett.* **B418** (1998) 335
 - *Dirac form factor in QED (power suppressed contribution)*
A. A. Penin, *Phys. Lett.* **B745** (2015) 69
- Higher order double logs are due to soft gluons
 - *Abelian part* \Rightarrow *factorization/exponentiation of soft photons*
 - *e.g. for the selected topology*

$$A_{++\pm} = \pm 2 \int_0^{1-\tau_t} d\eta \int_0^{1-\eta} d\xi e^{-x\xi\eta} = \pm 2 \int_0^{1-\tau_t} \frac{1 - e^{-x\eta(1-\eta)}}{x\eta} d\eta.$$

All-order cross section

- Partonic cross section

$$d\sigma_{gg \rightarrow Hg} = d\sigma_{gg \rightarrow Hg}^{(0)} \times \left[1 - \frac{3}{2} \frac{m_b^2}{M_H^2} L^2 f(x, \tau, \zeta) + \mathcal{O}(m_b^4) \right]$$

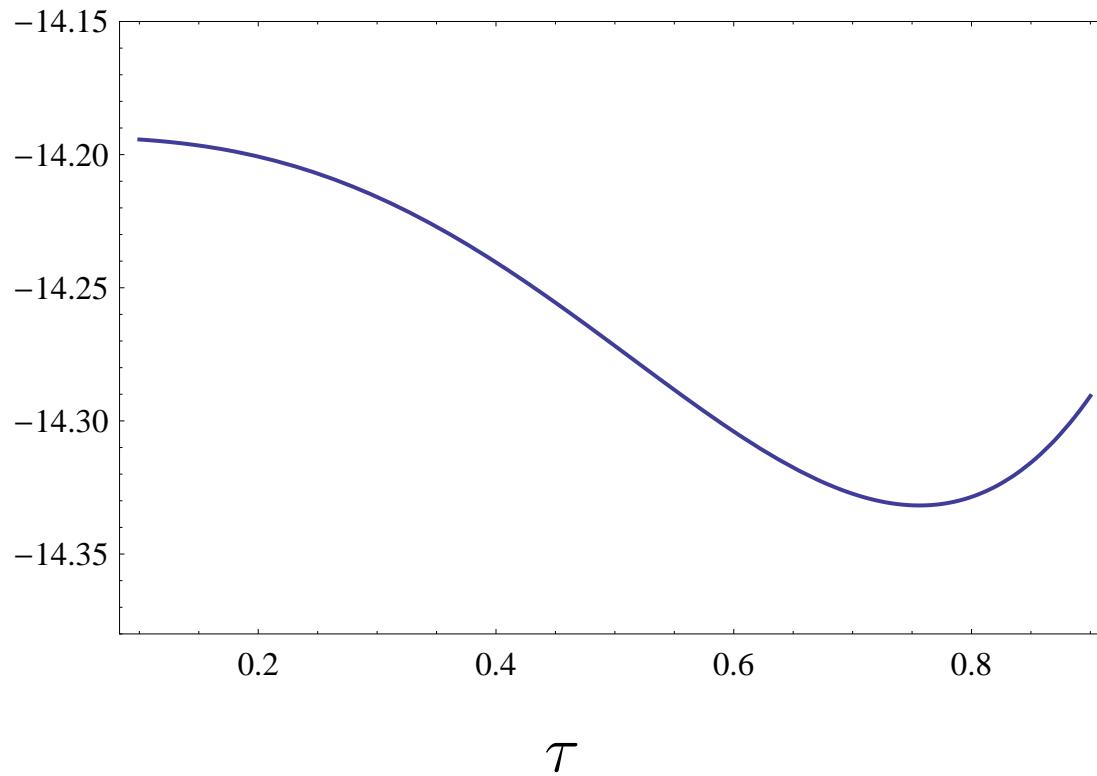
$$f = 2 - \frac{x}{6} (1 - \tau^3 + \tau^4) + \frac{x^2}{24} \left(\frac{4}{15} - \tau^3 + 2\tau^4 - \frac{7\tau^5}{5} + \frac{2\tau^6}{5} + \zeta^2 (\tau^3 - \tau^4) \right) + \dots$$

- Hadronic cross section

$$\frac{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H+j}}{dp_\perp^2} = \frac{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H+j}^{(0)}}{dp_\perp^2} \left\{ 1 - \frac{3m_b^2}{m_H^2} L^2 \left[1 - \frac{x}{12} (1 - \tau^3 + \tau^4) + \frac{x^2}{48} \left(\frac{4}{15} - \tau^3 + 2\tau^4 - \frac{7\tau^5}{5} + \frac{2\tau^6}{5} \right) + \mathcal{O}(x^3) \right] + \mathcal{O}(m_b^4) \right\}$$

Numerics

The bottom-loop correction in percent to the top-loop contribution



- *NLO Abelian correction: +1.5% and 0.2% variation*
- *Full NLO correction: $\sim 3\%$ and $\sim 0.4\%$ variation*

Dirac form factor at high energy

$$F_1 \propto \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (m_e^2/s)^n F_1^{(n)}(x)$$

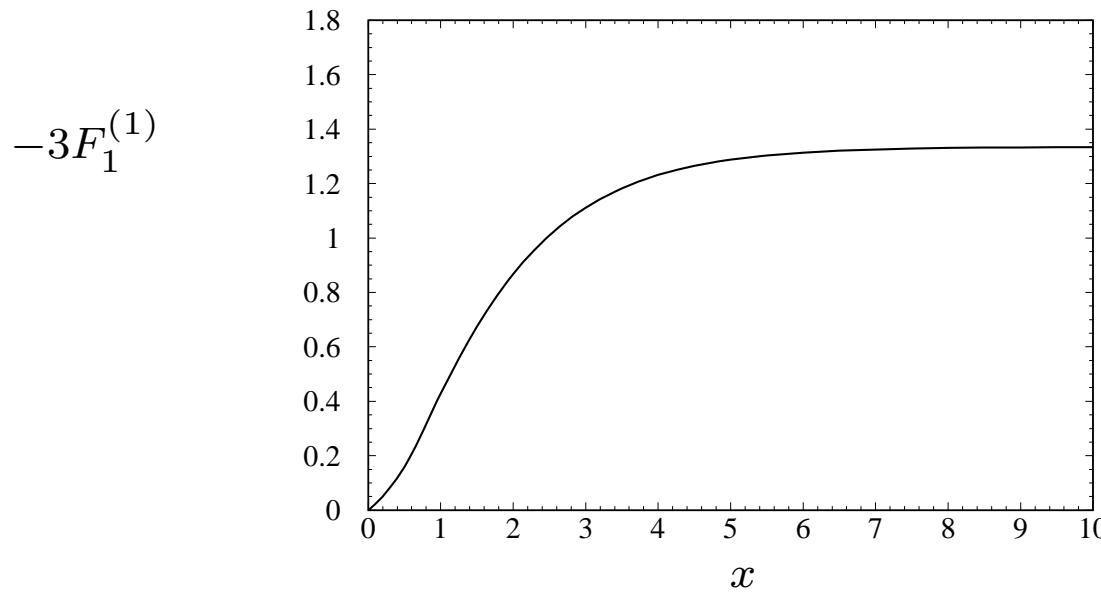
- Sudakov form factor:

$$F_1^{(0)} = e^{-x}$$

Sudakov (1956)

- Leading power correction

Penin (2015)



→ double logarithmic enhancement

Two-loop Bhabha scattering

A. Penin and N. Zerf, Phys.Lett. **B760** (2016) 816

- ➊ Two-loop power suppressed terms
 - ➋ *double logarithmic approximation*

$$\delta\sigma = -\frac{\alpha^2}{s} \left[\frac{m_e^2}{s} \left(\frac{\alpha \ln^2(m_e^2/s)}{4\pi} \right)^2 \frac{4 + 166x - 323x^2 + 266x^3 - 323x^4 + 166x^5 + 4x^6}{3(1-x)x^3} \right]$$

$$x = t/s$$

Summary

- Bottom quark effects in Higgs p_\perp -distribution
 - *Method of calculation for NLO double logs*
 - *All-order resummation of Abelian terms*
 - *Corrections saturated by two-loop term*
 - *Strong cancellation of p_\perp -dependence*
 - *non-Abelian NLO term to be computed*

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 - *Strong cancellation of p_\perp -dependence*
 - *non-Abelian NLO term to be computed*
- Power suppressed IR logs
 - *first results (electron form-factor, Bhabha scattering)*
A.Penin, Phys.Lett. **B745** (2015) 69; A.Penin, N.Zerf, Phys.Lett. **B760** (2016) 816
 - *interesting features very different from Sudakov logs*
 - *effective field theory RG is still missing*